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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/721,956		11/25/2003	Duk-Yong Kim	5020-1-002	5912	
33942	7590	02/27/2006		EXAMINER		
CHA & RI			HANNON, CHRISTIAN A			
210 ROUTI PARAMUS				ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
	,			2685		
				DATE MAILED: 02/27/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/721,956	KIM, DUK-YONG			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Christian A. Hannon	2685			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES and the may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we use to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 De	<u>ecember 2003</u> .				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	.53 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims					
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) <u>2-6</u> is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or					
Applicat	ion Papers					
10)🖾	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 December 2003</u> is/an Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	re: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) <u>□</u> a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage			
Attachmen	at(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summan	v (PTO-413)			
2) Notice 3) Information	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claims 5 & 6 objected to because of the following informalities: each of the claims recites "The antenna remote control apparatus of claims 2 and 4..." on the first line of both claims. This is improper and should be corrected to recite: "The antenna remote control apparatus of claim 4...," since claim 4 stems from claim 2. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Journey (US 4,301,397) in view of Rhodes et al (US 2004/0038714), herein Rhodes.

Regarding claim 1, Journey teaches an antenna remote control apparatus for a base station in a mobile communication system comprising a remote controller for matching a driving voltage for a motor used to control the beam direction of an antenna (Column 3, Lines 11-15; Journey), a reference signal for measuring the rotation state of the motor (Column 5, Lines 6-18; Journey), and transmitting the matched signal via a feeder cable (Column 2, Line 67; Column 3, Lines 1-3; Figure 1, Items 18 & 20;

Journey) and an antenna controller for receiving the matched signal from the remote controller via the feeder cable, dividing the matched signal into the reference signal, and the motor driving voltage, driving the motor using the motor driving voltage, and outputting a variation in the reference signal depending on the rotation state of the motor to the remote controller via the feeder cable (Column 3, Lines 18-26 & 36-47; Journey). However Journey does not teach an RF signal for mobile communication. Rhodes teach use of an RF signal for mobile communication (Page 5, Paragraph [0119]; Journey). It would have been obvious to modify Journey to include a means for RF signaling for use in a mobile communication system, such as that taught by Rhodes, in order to provide a use for the base station antenna in Journey.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 2-6 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Regarding claim 2, while Journey and Rhodes teach claim 1, both Journey and Rhodes fail to teach a frequency generator for generating the reference signal to measure the rotation state of the motor that controls the beam direction and tilting angle of the antenna, a motor voltage generator for generating the driving voltage required to drive the motor mounted to the antenna, a matcher for combining the output of the frequency generator with the output voltage of the motor voltage generator without interference and receiving the variation in the rotation state of the motor from the

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antenna controller, a bias T for combining the output of the matcher with the RF signal and outputting the combined signal to the antenna controller via the feeder cable, a signal detector for detecting the variation in the rotation state of the motor from the signal received from the matcher, converting the variation to a square wave signal, and outputting the square wave signal and a controller for outputting a voltage and control signal for driving the motor and receiving a control result value from the signal detector, thereby continuously controlling the motor voltage generator and the frequency generator.

With respect to claim 3, Journey and Rhodes teach claim 1, however both Journey and Rhodes fail to teach a signal divider for receiving the output signal of the bias T via the feeder cable, dividing the received signal into the RF signal for mobile communication, the motor driving voltage signal for driving the motor, and the reference signal for a variation in the beam direction and tilting angle of the antenna, and outputting the divided signals, the motor for being driven upon receipt of the motor driving voltage from the signal divider to control the beam direction and tilting angle of the antenna and an encoder for changing a resistance value thereof according to the rotation state of the motor and outputting the reference signal changed according to the changed resistance value to the matcher.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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Rose et al (US 6,891,509) discloses an antenna assembly.

Marcus et al (US 2003/0109231) discloses a control device for adjusting a different slope angle, especially of a mobile radio antenna associated with a base station, and corresponding antenna and corresponding method for modifying the slope angle.

Charles (US 6,366,237) discloses an adjustable tilt antenna.

Salmela (US 5,805,996) discloses a base station with antenna coverage directed into neighboring cells based on traffic load.

Gottl et al (US 2005/0134512) disclose a mobile radio antenna arrangement for a base station.

Sogo (US 6,078,824) discloses wireless base station equipment.

Hadzoglou et al (US 5,512,914) disclose an adjustable beam tilt antenna.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christian A. Hannon whose telephone number is (571) 272-7385. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Fri. 8:00 AM - 4:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Urban can be reached on (571) 272-7899. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Christian A. Hannon February 16, 2006 QUOCHIEN B. VUONG PRIMARY EXAMINER Page 6

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